22MBAFM303

Third Semester MBA Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 Strategic Cost Management

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FOUR full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

3. Q.No. 8 is compulsory.

SANGATime: 3 hrs.

			M	L	C
Q.1	a.	What are the elements of cost?	3	L1	CO1
		A Commence of the commence of			~~
	b.	Demonstrate the implications of cost management in IT sector.	7	L3	CO3
	c.	Vijay industries manufactures a product X. On 1st January 2007, there were 5000 units of finished product in stock. Other stocks on 1st January 2007 were as follows: Work-in-progress Rs.57,400 Raw material Rs.1,16, 200 The information available from cost records for the year ended 31st December 2007 was as follows: Rs. Direct Materials 9,06,900 3,26,400 Freight on raw material purchased Indirect labour 1,21,600 Other factory overhead Stock of raw material on 31/12/2007 96,400 Work in progress on 31/12/2007 78,207 Sales (1,50,000 units) 30,00,000 1,13,900	10	L4	CO1
35000		There are 15,000 units of finished stock in hand on 31 st December 2007. You are require to prepare: A statement of cost and profit assuming that opening stock of finished goods to be valued at the same cost per unit as finished stock at the end of period.			
		No. 1 1 1100 Let and flowible budget	3	L2	CO
Q.2	a.	Match the differences between fixed budget and flexible budget.	3	1.2	
	b.	Explain the uses and limitations of standard costing.	7	L2	CO
					
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			D 1	D		Charles D	an autono aut			
				n Department	Ċ	Service De	Y			
		D:	A D = 7004	B		Rs.1000	Rs.1000			
		Direct wages	Rs.7000			Rs.1500	Rs.1000	,		
		Direct materials	Rs.300	to the state of th	Rs.2000					
		Employees (Nos)	400	300	300	100	100			
		Electricity (kwh)	8000	6000	600	2000	3000			
		Light points (Nos)	10	15	11	5	5			
		Asset values	Rs.50,000	Rs.30,000	Rs.20,000	Rs.10,000	Rs.10,000			
		Area occupied (sq yards)	800	600	600	200	200	8 -		
		The overheads f	or 6 month	is were as und	er		•	8		
		The overheads	Rs.			Rs.				
		Sales overhead		Depreciation	\$ ⁹	6000				
		Motive power	1500	Repairs and n	naintenance	1200				
		Electric lightin		General over		10,000				5.4
		Labour welfare	9	Rent and taxe		600				
		Apportion the department Y respectively.	expenses of in propor	of department tion to direc	X in the rate wages, to	tio of 4:3:3 departmen	and that of ats A, B, C			
Q.3	a.	What is meant b	y activity	based costing?				3	L1	CO2
	b.	Explain the prin	ciples of t	cansfer pricing	BANG	LORE - 560	037	7	L2	CO3
	c.	The product of B, and then to 5% of the total	finished ste	ock. It is ascer	rtained that i	n each proc	ess normally	10	L4	CO2
		5% of the total weight is cost and 10% is scrap which from process A and E realizes Rs.80 per tonne and Rs.200 per tonne respectively. The following are the figures relating to both the processes:								
	10	3			Proces	ss A Proce	ess B			
		Materi	als in tones	3	1,00	00 70	0			
	v 80	Cost o	f material i	n rupees per to	onne 12.	5 20	0			
			in rupees	Paths, Spr.	28,0	00 10,0	000			
				penses in rupo	ees 8,00	00 5,2	50			
			in tones		83	0 78	0			
							process. Also	1		1

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Q.4	a.	What is CVP analysis?	3	L1	CO2
	b.	Explain cost audit. What are the objectives and advantages of cost audit?	7	L2	CO3
	c.	Finolex Co, uses a standard cost system and manufactures product Z. Standard cost per 1000kg of output is as under:	10	L4	CO2
Q.5	a.	Distinguish between allocation and apportionment of overheads.	3	L1	CO2
7	b.	Define cost control and cost reduction. Distinguish between the two.	7	L2	CO3
	c.	 G.S Ltd manufactures a single product for which market demand exists for additional quantity. Present sales of Rs.60,000 per month utilizes only 60% capacity of the plant. Marketing manager assures that with the reduction of 10% in the price he would be in a position to increase the sale by about 25% to 30%. The following data are available: I. Selling price → Rs.10 per unit II. Variable cost → Rs.3 per unit III. Semi-variable cost → Rs.6,000 fixed + 50 paise per unit IV. Fixed cost → Rs.20,000 at present level estimated to be Rs.24,000 at 80% output You are required to prepare the following statements: i) The operating profit at 60%, 70% and 80% level at current selling price ii) The operating profit at proposed selling price at the above levels. 	10	L4	CO3
		CMRIT LIBRARY	1		
Q.6	a.	Define margin of safety. Relate marginal costing. How it is different from absorption costing?	7	L1 L2	CO
	b. с.	You are given the following data: Year Sales (Rs.) Profit (Rs.) 2009 1,20,000 9,000	10	L4	COS
		Assuming that the cost structure and selecting price remain unchanged in two years, find out: i) P/V ratio ii) Break even point iii) Profit when sales are Rs.1,00,000 iv) Sales required to earn profit of Rs.20,000 v) Margin of safety in 2010.			

Q.7			22N	IBAF)	М 3
	a. D	efine variance analysis.	c	3 L1	C
	b. E	xplain the requisites of good report.		7 L2	C
		xplain features and purposa/of balance score card		10 L3	C
2		Aprilli Teachies and parpers	die ta	*	
Q.8		CASE STUDY (Compressive)		20 L4	C
	A	uto parts Ltd. has an annual production of 90,000 units for a	motor		
	C	omponent. The components cost structure is as below:		× ,	
		flaterials \rightarrow 270 per unit abour (25% fixed) \rightarrow 180 per unit		1	-
	E	xpenses : Variable → 90 per unit			•
	1	Fixed \rightarrow 135 per unit			1.
		$\frac{\text{Total} \rightarrow 67.5 \text{ per unit}}{\text{The purchase manager has an offer from a supplier who is}}$	willing	to summ	, Nv
	i)	component at Rs.5.40. Should the component be purchased and pro	ductions	stopped's	?
	ii	Assume the resources now used for this components manufact produce another new product for which selling price is 48	ure are	to be u	sec
	II	the latter case the material price will be Rs,200 per unit 90,000 units	s of this	product	car
	b	roduced on the same cost basis as above for labour and expenses. Die advisable to divert the resources to manufacture the new products,	on the fe	ooting t	hat
9	C	omponent presently being produced would, instead of being produced, narket. CMRIT LIBRARY	, be purcl	hased fro	om
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