



L5

[07]

CO3

Internal Assesment Test – II

Sub:	OPERATIONS	Code:	22MBA24						
Date:	08-10-2024	Duration:	90 mins	Max Marks:	50	Sem:	II	Branch:	MBA
	SET – 1I								

Part A - Answer Any Two Full Questions (2* 20 = 40 marks) Part B - Compulsory - Case Study (1*10 = 10 marks) (a) Explain the term Decision of a Game. (b) Outline the importance of Game Theory. (c) Examine the Situations of two-person zero sum pure strategy games, Concept of Saddle Point or Equilibrium point and Principle of Dominance method. (b) Solve the problem and Determine the optimal Provide the optimal job sequencing involving three machines M1, M2 and M3 in that order for the following data: Job											О	BE
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(c) Outline the importance of Game Theory. (c) Examine the Situations of two-person zero sum pure strategy games, Concept of Saddle Point or Equilibrium point and Principle of Dominance method. (d) Explain the term Minimax in Decision Theory. (e) Solve the problem and Determine the optimal Provide the optimal job sequencing involving three machines M1, M2 and M3 in that order for the following data: Job				•	_			narks)				
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Saddle Point or Equilibrium point and Principle of Dominance method. (a) Explain the term Minimax in Decision Theory. (b) Solve the problem and Determine the optimal Provide the optimal job sequencing involving three machines M1, M2 and M3 in that order for the following data: Job										[07]	CO3	L4
(c) Outline the case of and write the interpretation for the same. A businessman from Chennai wishes to sell his products in Bangalore. He can set up a showroom in the city or can sell through a wholesaler. Setting up a showroom succeeds, be can gain a net profit of Rs. 10,00,000 per year. If it fails, he can either shutdown the showroom or rent it out for an annual rent of Rs. 3,60,000 (for the rest of the year). The probability that he gets rent for the showroom is 40%. If he sells through a wholesaler, he incurs Rs. 3, 00,000 initial costs. The chances of selling successfully are 45% with a net profit of Rs. 5, 50,000 per year.	(c)								oncept of	[10]	CO3	L3
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M1 7 12 11 9 8 M2 8 9 5 6 7 M3 11 13 9 10 14	(b)	sequencin	g invol								CO3	L3
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b) How is the decision tree analysis useful in business decision?	(c)	A business set up a s showroom the showr fails, he ca 3,60,000 showroom If he sells of selling a) Ac	sman from showroom such an either (for the in is 40% through successibly is the successibly in the successibly is the successibly in the successible in the successib	com Chennai om in the citatail costs of cceeds, be car shutdown the rest of the common a wholesale fully are 45% to businessman	wishes ty or can Rs. 6,00, an gain a ne showrd year). The incurrence with a new on the best of the second of the s	o sell his sell throughout profit or render probabilities. 3, 0 et profit or sest decision sell his se	products in a whole a 55% proof Rs. 10, at it out for bility that a 0,000 initial from the control of Rs. 5,50 pon.	In Bangalore blesaler. Set bability of s 00,000 per an annual r he gets rer tal costs. Th ,000 per year	ting up a uccess. If year. If it ent of Rs. at for the e chances		CO3	L4

(b) Summarize the given case as given below. Consider the payoff matrix of Player A as shown in below table and solve it optimally using graphical method.

24			Pl	LAYER	В	
XE		1	2	3	4	5
(A)	1	3	0	6	-1	7
E	2	-1	5	-2	2	1

(c) Judge the case and formulate the Equation for the same.A small maintenance project consists of the following jobs, whose precedence

relationships are given below:

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Job	1-2	1-3	2-3	2-5	3-4
Duration	15	15	3	5	8
(Days)					
Job	3-6	4-5	4-6	5-6	6-7
Duration	12	1	14	3	14
(Days)					

From the above information, you are required to:

- a) Draw an arrow diagram representing the project.
- b) Find the total float for each activity.
- c) Find the critical path and the total project duration.

Part B - Compulsory (01*10=10 marks)

4 Case Study

Analyze the case given below.

The time estimates (in weeks) for the activities of a PERT network are given below:

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ivity	Completion time (Weeks)					
Event	Optimistic	Most likely	Pessimistic			
2	1	1	7			
3	1	4	7			
4	2	2	8			
5	1	1	1			
5	2	5	14			
6	2	5	8			
6	3	6	15			
	Event 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 6	Event Optimistic 2 1 3 1 4 2 5 1 5 2 6 2 6 3	Event Optimistic Most likely 2 1 1 3 1 4 4 2 2 5 1 1 5 2 5 6 2 5 6 3 6			

- a) Draw up the project network and identify all the paths thereby.
- b) Determine the expected project length.
- c) Calculate the standard deviation and variance of the project length.
- d) What is the probability that the project will be completed?
 - i. Atleast 4 weeks earlier that the expected time?
 - ii. Not more than 4 weeks later than the expected time?
- e) If the project due date is 19 weeks, what is the probability of not meeting the due date?
- f) What is the probability that the project will be completed within the schedule i.e. 20 weeks?
- g) Find the project duration at 90% probability.

	Course Outcomes (COs)	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	PS01	PS02	PS03	PS04
CO1:	Get an insight into the fundamentals of Operations Research and its definition, characteristics and phases.									
CO2:	Use appropriate quantitative techniques to get feasible and optimal Solutions.									
CO3:	Understand the usage of game theory, Queuing Theory and Simulation for Solving Business				1a, 1b,		1a, 1b,		2b, 2c,	

	Problems.		1c, 2a, 2b, 2c, 3a,	1c, 2a		3a, 3b	
CO4:	Understand and apply the network diagram for project completion.	3c	3b 4c		3c		4

Cognitive level	KEYWORDS
L1 -	list, define, tell, describe, recite, recall, identify, show, label, tabulate, quote, name, who, when, where, etc.
Remember	nst, define, ten, describe, recte, recan, identify, show, laber, about a quote, name, who, when, where, etc.
L2 -	describe, explain, paraphrase, restate, associate, contrast, summarize, differentiate interpret, discuss
Understand	describe, explain, paraphrase, restate, associate, contrast, summarize, differentiate interpret, discuss
L3 - Apply	calculate, predict, apply, solve, illustrate, use, demonstrate, determine, model, experiment, show, examine, modify
L4 - Analyze	classify, outline, break down, categorize, analyze, diagram, illustrate, infer, select
L5 - Evaluate	asses, decide, choose, rank, grade, test, measure, defend, recommend, convince, select, judge, support, conclude, argue, justify, compare, summarize, evaluate
L6 - Create	design, formulate, build, invent, create, compose, generate, derive, modify, develop, integrate

PO1–Theoretical Knowledge; PO2–Effective Communication Skills; PO3–Leadership Qualities; PO4 –Sustained Research Orientation; PO5 –Self-Sustaining Entrepreneurship

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CMR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Internal Assessment Test > 2024

Sub: 09	E & V.	29017	REC	c A8-C	79			Code:	22MBA,2
		Duration:	77	Max		Sem:	11	Branch:	МВА

Note: Part A - Answer Any Two Full Questions (20*02=40 Marks)

Part B - Compulsory (01*10= 10marks)

Part	Quest	tion	Description	Marks Distrib	ution	Max Marks
		a)	Decision of a Grame Decision criserion of opimally we adopted ine a player which would do havimide when maximin is seed so the one who wishes to minimise his of maxima is	3	3	
A		b)	- Descion all times.			20 M
			A rose to proson took.	300	7	
			A Booksel deison making (A Booksel incight in to the value of most.).	2		

	c)	100 Person Zero Sim			
		A Cominance or Equillities & Section of the sound of the colored or the colored o	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	10	
2	a)	minimax in decion many minimizing aboyer determine the naximism boss from ed Boordey and than solved the Barday and minimum boss and the maximum boss and the maximum boss and the	10	3	20 M

b)	705 Sequencing 71 74 75 52 73 10 + D Eleger Time = 72 2. T. Soo M = 25 2. T. Soo M = 37 2. T. Soo M = 37	(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)	7
c)	3,44.800 2,47,500 -1,65,000 2,47,500 Option 4 is reser	(E) (E)	10

a)	Podent Down com or a	(8)	3	
b)	3 -1 7	3		
3		er)		20 M
			7	
	Blader De 83/4,0,0,4/4,03			

В 10 10 M