

Internal Assessment Test 2 – January 2025

Sub:	Indian Constitution				Sub Code:	BICOK107/207		
Date:	20/01/2025	Duration:	90 mins	Max Marks:	50	Sem / Sec:	I-P/ CHEM-CYCLE	OBE
							MARK S	CO RBT
							(25x2)	3,4,5 L2

All Questions are Compulsory

- The Directive Principles of state Policy is based on the theory of:
 - Secular State
 - Monarchy
 - Democracy
 - Welfare State
- The Term of a Member in Rajyasabha is for :
 - 4 yrs
 - 6 yrs
 - 10 yrs
 - 5 yrs
- Implementation of Directive Principles is :
 - Compulsory
 - Guaranteed by law
 - Not mandatory
 - None of the above
- The Lok Sabha :
 - is a Permanent House
 - has a term of 6 yrs
 - has a term of 5 yrs
 - none of the above
- The Directive Principles of State Policy are:
 - Non-Justiciable
 - Justiciable
 - Only certain are justiciable
 - none of the above
- The 11th Fundamental duty was added in the-----
 - 42nd amendment
 - 86th Amendment
 - A original constitution
 - beginning
- The Speaker of the Loksabha enjoys:
 - right to vote
 - vote in case of a tie
 - two votes
 - no right to vote
- The Council of Ministers is-----
 - Identical with the cabinet,
 - larger than cabinet,
 - smaller than cabinet,
 - not a part of cabinet.
- The Supreme Court of India has only Appellate Jurisdiction:
 - True,
 - False,
 - no jurisdiction,
 - none
- The preparation of electoral rolls is done by :
 - Prime Minister,
 - Speaker,
 - President,
 - Election Commission.
- Article 352 of the Constitution relates to:
 - National Emergency,
 - war,
 - Terrorism,
 - Financial Emergency.
- The Joint session of the Parliament is presided over by the:
 - Prime Minister,
 - Speaker,
 - President,
 - none.
- Article 356 of the Constitution relates to:
 - Financial Emergency,
 - National Emergency,
 - Rights,
 - State Emergency.
- The minimum age to become a member of the Legislative Council is:
 - 21 yrs,
 - 35 yrs,
 - 65 yrs,
 - 30 yrs.
- Can a governor be the governor of two states?

- ~~a)~~ Yes, b) one state, c) no, d) none of above
16. The Chief Election Commissioner is appointed by:
a) Speaker, b) Prime Minister, ~~c)~~ President, d) Parliament.
17. Article 360 of the Constitution relates to:
a) State Emergency, b) war, c) Terrorism, ~~d)~~ Financial Emergency.
18. The Indian Parliament consists of ~~a)~~
a) No House b). Three Houses ~~c)~~ Two Houses d) Four Houses
19. The Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces is:
a) The Prime Minister, b) The Governor c) The Defence Minister ~~d)~~ The President
20. Generally all the important decisions of the Government are taken by the:
a) Home Minister, ~~b)~~ Cabinet, c) Defence Minister, d) The President of India.
21. The Constitution guarantees justice in:
a) Economic matters b) Social matters c) Political Matters ~~d)~~ All of the Above
22. Which one of the following types of emergency has not yet declared, till now?
a) State Emergency b) National Emergency, ~~c)~~ Financial Emergency d) None of these
23. Article 44 of the Constitution relates to:
~~a)~~ Uniform Civil Code, b) National Emergency, c) Human Rights, d) State Emergency.
24. The preparation of electoral rolls is done by :
a) Prime Minister, b) Speaker, c) President, ~~d)~~ Election Commission
25. To declare State Emergency, a decision must be taken by:
a) Rajyasabha, b) Lok Sabha, c) President, ~~d)~~ Union Cabinet


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