

CBCS SCHEME

BENGLK106/206/22BD17

USN

1CR24CS028

Question Paper Version : C

First/Second Semester B.E./B.Tech/B.Design Degree Examination,
Dec.2024/Jan.2025

Communicative English

Time: 1 hr.]

[Max. Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Answer all the fifty questions, each question carries one mark.
2. Use only **Black ball point pen** for writing / darkening the circles.
3. For each question, after selecting your answer, **darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.**
4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
5. Damaging/overwriting, using **whiteners** on the **OMR** sheets are strictly prohibited.

1. Which of the following sentence is correctly punctuated?
a) I went to the store, and bought apples, bananas, and oranges
b) I went to the store and bought apples, bananas and oranges
c) I went to the store; and bought apples, bananas, and oranges
d) I went to the store and bought apples, bananas, and oranges
2. Which article is used before a consonant sound?
a) A
b) An
c) The
d) None of these
3. In the sentence "I need _____ pen to write", should the blank be filled with an article?
a) A
b) An
c) The
d) None of these
4. Which of the following is a part of speech used to express strong emotions?
a) Adverb
b) Pronoun
c) Interjection
d) Conjunction
5. "The cat is _____ the table," which preposition should fill in the blank?
a) At
b) In
c) On
d) With
6. Which of the following is a correct use of a preposition?
a) "I am in the home".
b) "She walked at the park".
c) "He sat on the chair".
d) None of these
7. Which work contains a prefix?
a) Happy
b) Cooked
c) Revisit
d) Quickly

8. Which sentence uses correct capitalization?
- The chief executive officer was interviewed for the magazine
 - The Chief Executive Officer was interviewed for the magazine
 - The chief executive officer was interviewed for the Magazine
 - The chief Executive Officer was interviewed for the Magazine.
9. What is the term for the consonant sound produced by a complete closure in the vocal tract followed by a sudden release of air?
- Fricative
 - Approximant
 - Plosive
 - Nasal
10. Which of the following is a part of speech that describes a person, place, thing or idea?
- Verb
 - Adjective
 - Noun
 - Conjunction
11. Which of the following is a correct question tag for the statement : "It's raining outside"?
- It's raining outside, does it?
 - It's raining outside, isn't it?
 - It's raining outside, can it?
 - It's raining outside, won't it?
12. In the sentence "She will go to the market tomorrow," which tense is used?
- Present tense
 - Past tense
 - Future tense
 - Present perfect tense
13. Which of the following sentence uses the present perfect tense correctly?
- He is going to the gym tomorrow
 - She has finished her homework
 - They will visit their grandparents last weekend
 - We were playing football yesterday
14. In the sentence "They had been waiting for hours," which tense is used?
- Present tense
 - Past tense
 - Future tense
 - Past perfect continuous tense
15. In the sentence "She is taller than him," "What part of speech is "than"?"
- Preposition
 - Conjunction
 - Adjective
 - Pronoun
16. What is the superlative form of the adjective "good"?
- Better
 - Best
 - Goodest
 - Gooder
17. Which of the following sentence is grammatically correct?
- He don't like coffee.
 - She hasn't went to the store yet
 - They are swimming in the pool.
 - We was going to the movies.
18. Which sentence demonstrate correct subject - verb agreement?
- The team are working hard to meet their deadlines
 - The team is working hard to meet its deadlines
 - The team am working hard to meet its deadlines
 - The team were working hard to meet their deadlines
19. Which sentence uses correct punctuation?
- Please bring a pen paper and your textbook to the meeting
 - Please bring a pen, paper, and your textbook to the meeting.
 - Please bring a pen, paper and your textbook to the meeting.
 - Please bring a pen, paper ; and your textbook to the meeting.

20. Which of the following is an example of the correct use of the apostrophe?
 a) The cars windshield was cracked b) The car's windshield was cracked
 c) The cars' windshield was cracked d) The car windshield was cracked
21. What part of speech is used to join words, phrases or clauses?
 a) Preposition b) Conjunction c) Adverb d) Pronoun
22. What is the term for the fear of heights?
 a) Acrophobia b) Agoraphobia c) Claustrophobia d) Hydrophobia
23. What is the term for a person who is obsessed with their own power?
 a) Egoist b) Narcissist c) Altruist d) Introvert
24. Which of the following words is a synonym for "ephemeral"?
 a) Eternal b) Temporary c) Continuous d) Enduring
25. Which sentence demonstrates correct usage of the word "affect"?
 a) The weather will effect the crops b) The weather will affect the crops
 c) The weather will effect the crops d) The weather will affect on the crops
26. What is the antonym of the word "exquisite"?
 a) Beautiful b) Delicate c) Common d) Refined
27. Which word is the odd one out in the following group?
 a) Zealous b) Enthusiastic c) Apathetic d) Eager
28. What is the meaning of the term "vernacular"?
 a) Formal language b) Slang or informal language
 c) Foreign language d) Technical language
29. What is the question tag for the statement: "He didn't eat lunch"?
 a) He didn't eat lunch, did he? b) He didn't eat lunch, does he?
 c) He didn't eat lunch, hasn't he? d) He didn't eat lunch, isn't he?
30. What is the question tag for the statement: "He doesn't speak French"?
 a) He doesn't speak French, isn't he? b) He doesn't speak French, does he?
 c) He doesn't speak French, hasn't he? d) He doesn't speak French, can't he?
31. What is phonetics?
 a) The study of speech sounds and their physiological production.
 b) The study of written language
 c) The study of syntax and grammar
 d) The study of semantics
32. Which of the following is a key aspect of effective communication in a team setting?
 a) Dominating conversations b) Ignoring team members opinions
 c) Active participation and collaboration d) Avoiding conflict resolution
33. What is the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) used for?
 a) Writing in different languages b) Transcribing speech sounds
 c) Encoding written texts d) Creating new words

46. In the
to ?
a) Co
34. What is the primary difference between vowels and consonants?
 a) Vowels are voiced, consonants are voiceless
 b) Vowels involve airflow without significant constriction, while consonants involve constriction.
 c) Vowels are nasal sounds, consonants are oral sounds
 d) Vowels are always at the beginning of words, consonants are always at the end.
35. Which of the following is a consonant?
 a) [i] b) [a] c) [p] d) [e]
36. How many Consonants sounds are there in English?
 a) 5 b) 10 c) 24 d) 14
37. Which of the following is a voiced consonant?
 a) [p] b) [s] c) [v] d) [f]
38. What is the term for the study of the physical properties of speech sounds?
 a) Phonology b) Phonetics c) Morphology d) Syntax
39. Which of the following is an example of a diphthong?
 a) [p] b) [ae] c) [ai] d) [m]
40. What part of speech is used to show the relationship between a noun (or pronoun) and other words in a sentence?
 a) Conjunction b) Verb c) Preposition d) Interjection
41. When individuals have different frames of reference due to their unique experience, it can create :
 a) Physical barriers b) Cultural barriers
 c) Semantic barriers d) Perceptual barriers
42. Which of the following is NOT a barrier to effective communication?
 a) Cultural differences b) Active listening
 c) Language barriers d) Emotional barriers
43. In the context of organizational communication, which of the following is an example of a structural barrier?
 a) Language barriers among employees b) Differences in communication styles
 c) Hierarchical organizational structure d) Lack of feedback from supervisors
44. Which of the following is NOT a step in the process of active listening?
 a) Interrupting the speaker frequently b) Providing feedback
 c) Asking clarifying questions d) Paraphrasing
45. What is the significance of feedback in communication?
 a) It ensures that the speaker talks more than the listener.
 b) It provides an opportunity for clarification and improvement
 c) It is unnecessary in effective communication
 d) It should only be given by superiors to subordinates.

46. In the context of organizational communication, what does "inter" communication refer to ?
- a) Communication between individuals within the same department
 - b) Communication between individuals from different departments or teams
 - c) Communication between employees and management
 - d) Communication between the organization and its external stakeholders.
47. Which of the following is an example of intercommunication?
- a) A team meeting discussing project updates
 - b) A manager providing feedback to an employee
 - c) An employee preparing a report for their supervisor
 - d) An individual writing a memo to themselves for personal reminders.
48. What is the primary purpose of intra Communication?
- a) To facilitate collaboration between departments
 - b) To disseminate information within a team or department
 - c) To negotiate with external stakeholders
 - d) To manage conflicts between individuals.
49. Which of the following is an example of a physical barrier to communication?
- a) Language differences
 - c) Noise in the environment
 - b) Cultural differences
 - d) Lack of empathy
50. Psychological barriers to communication may include :
- a) Language barriers
 - c) Emotional bias or prejudice
 - b) Noise pollution
 - d) Misinterpretation of messages
