



**Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025**  
**Additional Mathematics – I**

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

**Module-1**

- 1 a. If  $2 \cos \theta = x + \frac{1}{x}$ , show that  $2 \cos n\theta = x^n + \frac{1}{x^n}$  and  $2i \sin n\theta = x^n - \frac{1}{x^n}$ . Also show that

$$\frac{x^{2n} - 1}{x^{2n} + 1} = i \tan n\theta. \quad (08 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. Find the real part of  $\frac{1}{1 + \cos \theta + i \sin \theta}$ . (06 Marks)

- c. Express  $\left(\frac{3+4i}{3-4i}\right)$  in  $a + ib$  form. (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. If  $\vec{a} = 2i + 3j - 4k$  and  $\vec{b} = 8i - 4j - k$  prove that  $\vec{a}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{b}$ . Also find  $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|$ . (08 Marks)

- b. If  $\vec{a} = 3i - 2j - 4k$  and  $\vec{b} = i + j - 2k$ , find:  
i)  $|2\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}|$  ii)  $|\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}|$  iii) angle between  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ . (06 Marks)

- c. Find a unit vector normal to both the vectors  $4i - j + 3k$  and  $-2i + j - 2k$ . Find also the sine of the angle between them. (06 Marks)

**Module-2**

- 3 a. Obtain the Maclaurin's series expansion of  $\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x}$  up to the form containing  $x^4$ . (08 Marks)

- b. If  $u = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}\right)$ , prove that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \tan u$ . (06 Marks)

- c. If  $u = f(x - y, y - z, z - x)$ , show that  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ . (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Show that  $\log(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots$  by using Maclaurin's series notation. (08 Marks)

- b. If  $u = e^{ax+by} f(ax - by)$ , prove that  $b \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2abu$  (06 Marks)

- c. If  $u = x + y$  and  $v = \frac{y}{x+y}$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$ . (06 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. A particle moves on the curve  $x = 2t^2$ ,  $y = t^2 - 4t$ ,  $z = 3t - 5$ , where 't' is the time. Find the velocity and acceleration at  $t = 1$  in the direction  $i - 3j + 2k$ . (08 Marks)  
b. Find the unit vector normal to the surface  $x^2 - y^2 + z = 2$  at the point  $(1, -1, 2)$ . (06 Marks)  
c. Prove that  $\vec{d} = (2xy^2 + yz)i + (2x^2y + xz + 2yz^2)j + (2y^2z + xy)k$  is irrotational. (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Find  $\text{div } \vec{F}$  and  $\text{curl } \vec{F}$ , where  $\vec{F} = \nabla(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$ . (08 Marks)  
b. If  $\vec{A} = xyi + y^2zj + z^2yk$ , find  $\text{curl}(\text{curl } \vec{A})$ . (06 Marks)  
c. Find 'a' if the vector field  $\vec{F} = (ax + 3y + 4z)i + (x - 2y + 3z)j + (3x + 2y - z)k$  is Solenoidal. (06 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Obtain the reduction formula for  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^n x dx$  ( $n > 0$ ). (08 Marks)

- b. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^4}{(1+x^2)^4} dx$ . (06 Marks)

- c. Evaluate:  $\int_0^1 \int_x^{\sqrt{x}} (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$ . (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Obtain reduction formula for  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x dx$ , where n is a positive integer. (08 Marks)

- b. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^3 x \cos^7 x dx$ . (06 Marks)

- c. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^y xyz dx dy dz$ . (06 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Solve  $[(\cos x \cdot \tan y + \cos(x+y))]dx + [\sin x \sec^2 y + \cos(x+y)]dy = 0$  (08 Marks)

- b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \cos x$ . (06 Marks)

- c. Solve  $(x^2 + y)dx + (y^3 + x)dy = 0$ . (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Solve  $(y^3 - 3x^2y)dx - (x^3 - 3xy^2)dy = 0$  (08 Marks)

- b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x+1} = e^{3x}(x+1)$ . (06 Marks)

- c. Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$ . (06 Marks)