# CBCS SCHEME

#### BENGK106/206/22BD17

First/Second Series

BANGALOW

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Question Paper Version: A

First/Second Semester B.E./B.Tech/B.Design Degree Examination,
Dec.2024/Jan.2025

Communicative English

[Max. Marks: 50

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all the fifty questions, each question carries one mark.
- 2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles
- For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- 4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
- Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.
- When individuals have different frames of reference due to their unique experience, it can create:
  - a) Physical barriersc) Semantic barriers

- b) Cultural barriers
- d) Perceptual barriers
- 2. Which of the following is NOT a barrier to effective communication?
  - a) Cultural differences

b) Active listening

c) Language barriers

- d) Emotional barriers
- 3. In the context of organizational communication, which of the following is an example of a structural barrier?
  - a) Language barriers among employees
- b) Differences in communication styles
- c) Hierarchical organizational structure
- d) Lack of feedback from supervisors
- 4. Which of the following is NOT a step in the process of active listening?
  - a) Interrupting the speaker frequently
- b) Providing feedback
- c) Asking clarifying questions
- d) Paraphrasing
- 5. What is the significance of feedback in communication?
  - a) It ensures that the speaker talks more than the listener
  - b) It provides an opportunity for clarification and improvement
  - c) It is unnecessary in effective communication
  - d) It should only be given by superiors to subordinates.

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- 6. In the context of organizational communication, what does "inter" communication refer to?
  - a) Communication between individuals within the same department
  - b) Communication between individuals from different departments or teams
  - c) Communication between employees and management
  - d) Communication between the organization and its external stakeholders.
- 7. Which of the following is an example of intercommunication?
  - a) A team meeting discussing project updates
  - b) A manager providing feedback to an employee
  - c) An employee preparing a report for their supervisor
  - d) An individual writing a memo to themselves for personal reminders
- 8. What is the primary purpose of intra Communication?
  - a) To facilitate collaboration between departments
  - b) To disseminate information within a team or department
  - c) To negotiate with external stakeholders
  - d) To manage conflicts between individuals.
- 9. Which of the following is an example of a physical barrier to communication?
  - a) Language differences

- b) Cultural differences
- c) Noise in the environment
- d) Lack of empathy
- 10. Psychological barriers to communication may include:
  - a) Language barriers

- b) Noise pollution
- c) Emotional bias or prejudice
- d) Misinterpretation of messages

- 11. What is phonetics?
  - a) The study of speech sounds and their physiological production
  - b) The study of written language
  - c) The study of syntax and grammar
  - d) The study of semantics
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- 12. Which of the following is a key aspect of effective communication in a team setting?

  a) Dominating conversations

  b) Ignoring team members opinions
  - c) Active participation and collaboration
- d) Avoiding conflict resolution
- 13. What is the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) used for?
  - a) Writing in different languages
- b) Transcribing speech sounds
- c) Encoding written texts
- d) Creating new words
- 14. What is the primary difference between vowels and consonants?
  - a) Vowels are voiced, consonants are voiceless
  - b) Vowels involve air flow without significant constriction, while consonants involve constriction.
  - c) Vowels are nasal sounds, consonants are oral sounds
  - d) Vowels are always at the beginning of words, consonants are always at the end
- 15. Which of the following is a consonant?
  - a) [i]
- b) [a]

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44.	In the selicence They had been waiting	b) Past tense	
	a) Present tense		
	c) Future tense	d) Past perfect continuous tense	
15	In the sentence "She is taller than him, "	"What part of speech is "than"?	
45.		c) Adjective d) Pronou	ın
	a) Preposition b) Conjunction	C) Adjective d) Tronoc	111
46.	What is the superlative form of the adje	ective "good"?	
40.	a) Better b) Best	c) Goodest d) Goode	T
	a) Better b) Best	c) Gooden	
47.	Which of the following sentence is grammatically correct?		
	a) He don't like coffee.	b) She hasn't went to the store ye	t
	c) They are swimming in the pool.	d) We was going to the movies	
	c) They are swimming in the poor.	9	
48.	Which sentence demonstrate correct subject - verb agreement?		
	a) The team are working hard to meet their deadlines		
	b) The team is working hard to meet its deadlines		
	c) The team am working hard to meet its deadlines		
	d) The team were working hard to meet their deadlines		
	Which sentence uses correct nunctuation? CMRIT LIBRARY		
49.	Which sentence uses correct punctuation	on? 560.037	
	which sentence uses correct punctuation?  a) Please bring a pen paper and your textbook to the meeting  b) Please bring a pen paper and your textbook to the meeting		
	b) Please bring a pen, paper, and your textbook to the meeting		
	c) Please bring a pen, paper and your textbook to the meeting.		
	d) Please bring a pen, paper; and your	textbook to the meeting	
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50.	Which of the following is an example of the correct use of the apostrophe?		
	a) The cars windshield was cracked	b) The car's windshield was crac	cke
	c) The cars' windshield was cracked	d) The car windshield was crack	
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