

BEEE103/203

USN

WE OF TEC First/Second Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination,
Dec.2024/Jan.2025

Elements of Electrical Engineering

Max. Marks: 100

BANGAL Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. VTU Formula Hand Book is permitted.

3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

		Module – 1	M	L	C
0.1		State and explain Kirchoff's law as applied to D.C. circuits.	7	L1,	CO1
Q.1	a.	State and explain Knolon stands apparent		L2	
	1	For a network shown in Fig.Q.1(b), determine:	6	L3	CO1,
	b.		Sa. J		CO ₃
		ii) The current in each resistor.	- 4		
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		The state of the s			
		Fig.Q.1(b)			
		11g,Q.1(0)			
	-	Gut 1 1 - 1-in the Ohm's law Mention its limitations	7	L1,	CO1
	c.	State and explain the Ohm's law. Mention its limitations.	9 .	L2	-
		OR OF			
7000 7000			8	L1,	CO1
Q.2	a.	Explain statically and dynamically induced e.m.f.'s.	U	L2	001
	-	o officient	6	L3	CO1
	b.	Two coupled coils of self-inductances 0.8H and 0.2 H have a co-efficient	U	LIJ	COL
		of coupling 0.9. Find the mutual inductance and turns ratio.		1	
		7 7 11	6	T 1	CO1
	c.	Derive the energy stored in the magnetic field.	0	L1,	COI
				L2	
1.0		Module – 2		T 1	CO2
Q.3	a.	Define form factor, peak factor obtain its value for a sinusoidal voltage.	6	L1	CO2
				7.4	602
	b.	Derive an expression for power in pure inductance circuit and draw	6	L1,	CO2
		voltage, current and power waveforms.		L2	CO3
			-		000
	c.	In the Fig.Q.3(b) shown below calculate the impedances of AB and the	8	L3	CO ₂
		phase angle between voltage and current. Also calculate the total power	11 ES		CO3
	1.	consumed if the applied voltage between A and B is 200∠30° volts.			
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		40		11.5	
		Fig.Q.3(b)			77.
		1 of 3			

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Q.4	a.	Derive the expression for R.M.S. value of current of a sinusoidally varying quantity.	6	L1, L2	CO2	
	b.	Define power factor and mention its practical importance.	7	L1, L2	CO2	
	c.	A series circuit with $R = 10 \Omega$, $L = 50 \text{ mH}$ and $C = 100 \mu\text{F}$ is supplied with 200 V, 50 Hz. Find: i) The impedance ii) Current iii) Power iv) Power factor.	7	L3	CO2	
		Module − 3				
Q.5	a.	Mention the advantages of three-phase system over single phase system.	5	L2	CO2	
	b.	Obtain the relationship between line and phase, voltage and current in a three phase balanced star connected system.	7	L1, L2	CO3	
	c.	A balanced 3-phase, star connected load of 150 kW takes a leading current of 100 A with line voltage of 1100 V, 50 Hz. Find the circuit constants of a load per phase.	8	L3	CO2 CO3	
Q.6	a.	Show that the two Wattmeter's are sufficient to measure three phase power. Hence derive the expression for the power factor in terms of Wattmeter readings.	8	L1, L2	CO2	
	b.	Establish the relationship between the line and phase currents and voltages in a three phase balanced delta connected system.	6	L1, L2	CO2 CO3	
	c.	A balanced delta-connected load of $(8 + j6) \Omega$ per phase is supplied from a 3-phase 440 V source. Find line current, power factor, power per phase and total power.	6	L3	CO2, CO3	
		Module – 4				
Q.7	a.	Explain the construction and working of Kelvin's double bridge.	8	L1, L2	CO4	
	b.	Explain two way and three way control of lamp with truth table.	6	L1, L2	CO5	
	c.	Explain the construction and working of megger. CMRIT LIBRARY BANGALORE - 560 037	6	L1, L2	CO5	
0.0		OR	6	T 1	CO4	
Q.8	a.	Mention the difference between the current transformer and potential transformer.	6	L1, L2	004	
	b.	Explain the construction of Schering's bridge and derive the expression for the unknown capacitance.	8	L1, L2	CO4	
	c.	Write a short note on casing and capping wiring.	6	L1, L2	CO5	
	1	Module – 5				
Q.9	a.	What is electric shock? Give the list of preventive measures against the shock.	6	L1, L2	CO5	
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	b.	Define tariff. Explain briefly the two part tariff with its advantage and disadvantage.	6	L1, L2	CO5
	c.	What is earthing? With neat diagram, explain pipe earthing.	8	L1,	CO5
- 4	٠.			L2	
Q.10	a.	With neat diagram, explain the working of RCCB and ELCB. CMRIT LIBRARY	8	L1, L2	CO
	b.	Write a short note on fuse. BANGALORE - 560 037	5	L1, L2	CO
	c.	In a residential house the following loads are connected: i) Six lamps of 40 W each, switched on for 5 hr a day. ii) Two fans of 60 W each, switched on for 12 hr a day. iii) One 1000 W (1 kW) heater working for 2 hr per day. iv) One refrigerator of 250 W working for 10 hr per day. If each unit of energy costs Rs.1.90 what will be the total cost in the month of September.	7	L3	COS
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		Ch. Kilkin C.			
		CR. CR. Op. CR. CR.			