

21MAT11

First Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 Calculus and Differential Equations

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

## Module-1

a. With usual notations prove that

$$\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Show that curves 
$$\frac{2a}{r} = 1 + \cos\theta$$
 and  $\frac{2a}{r} = 1 - \cos\theta$  cuts orthogonally. (07 Marks)

c. Prove that for the Cardioids 
$$r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$$
,  $\frac{\dot{\rho}^2}{r}$  is constant. (07 Marks)

2 a. If p be the perpendicular from the pole on the tangent, then show that

$$\frac{1}{p^2} = \frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^4} \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 \tag{06 Marks}$$

b. Find the pedal equation of the curve  $r^n = a^n \cos n\theta$ (07 Marks)

c. Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 3xy$  at (3/2, 3/2)(07 Marks)

### Module-2

3 a. Expand log(1 + sin x) by Maclaurin's series upto the term containing  $x^4$ . (06 Marks)

b. If 
$$u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$$
, where  $x = e^t - e^{-t}$  and  $y = e^t + e^{-t}$ , find the total derivative  $\frac{du}{dt}$ . (07 Marks)

c. If 
$$u = x + 3y^2 - z^3$$
,  $v = 4x^2yz$ ,  $w = 2z^2 - xy$ , evaluate  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$  at  $(1, -1, 0)$  (07 Marks)

4 a. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{a^x + b^x + c^x + d^x}{4} \right)^{1/x}$ (06 Marks)

b. If 
$$u = f(y - z, z - x, x - y)$$
 then prove that  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ . (07 Marks)

c. Examine the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3x - 12y + 20$  for extreme values. (07 Marks)

1 of 3

Module-3

5 a. Solve 
$$\left[1 + e^{x/y}\right] dx + e^{x/y} \left[1 - \frac{x}{y}\right] dy = 0$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Show that the family of curves  $y^2 = 4a(x + a)$  is self orthogonal. (07 Marks)

c. Solve 
$$x^2 \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + xy\frac{dy}{dx} - 6y^2 = 0$$
 (07 Marks)

6 a. Solve 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = y^2 x$$
. (06 Marks)

b. A body originally at 80°C cools down to 60°C in 20 minutes in the surroundings of temperature 40°C. Find the temperature of the body after 40 minutes from the original

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c. Find the general and singular solution of 
$$y = xp + \sqrt{4+p^2}$$
 (07 Marks)

7 a. Solve 
$$(D^4 + 4D^3 - 5D^2 - 36D - 36) y = 0$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 25y = e^{2x} + \sin x$$
 (07 Marks)

c. Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \sec x$$
 by using method of variation of parameters. (07 Marks)

8 a. Solve 
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = e^{2x} + e^x$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = x^2 + 3x + 1$$
 (07 Marks)

c. Solve 
$$x^2y'' - 4xy' - 6y = \cos(2\log x)$$
 (07 Marks)

# Module-5

9 a. Find the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

by using elementary row transformation.

(06 Marks)

21MAT11

b. Solve the system of equations by using Gauss - Jordan method.

$$x + 2y + z = 8$$
,  $2x + 3y + 4z = 20$ ,  $4x + 3y + 2z = 16$ 

(07 Marks)

c. Find the largest eigen values and the corresponding eigen vector of

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

with the initial approximation eigen vector  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$ . Perform five iterations. (07 Marks)

10 a. Find the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\
1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\
3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\
1 & 1 & -2 & 0
\end{bmatrix}$$

by using elementary row transformation.

(06 Marks)

b. Test the consistency and solve

Test the consistency and solve 
$$x + y + z = -3$$
,  $3x + y - 2z = -2$ ,  $2x + 4y + 2z = 7$ 

(07 Marks)

c. Solve the system of equations 2x - 3y + 20z = 25, 20x + y - 2z = 17, 3x + 20y - z = -18using Gauss - Seidel method taking (0, 0, 0) as an initial approximate. Carry out 4 iterations.