



**Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2025**  
**Principles of Communication Systems**

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

**Module-1**

- 1 a. Illustrate the time domain and frequency domain characteristics of standard amplitude modulation produced by a single tone. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain switching modulator with circuit diagram and characteristic curve. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 2 a. Explain the generation of DSBSC wave using a ring modulator. (07 Marks)
- b. Explain the scheme of generation and demodulation of VSB modulated wave with relevant spectrum of signals and mathematical expressions. (07 Marks)
- c. Explain with block diagram of FDM system. (06 Marks)

**Module-2**

- 3 a. From the fundamentals deduce an expression of WBFM and plot its frequency spectrum. (10 Marks)
- b. What is frequency modulation? Deduce the expression for a narrow band FM signal. Represent a narrow band FM signal with neat phasor diagram. (08 Marks)
- c. A FM signal has sinusoidal modulation with  $W = 15$  kHz and modulation index  $\beta = 2$ . Using Carson's rule determine the transmission bandwidth and deviation ratio. Assume  $\Delta f = 75$  kHz. (02 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. With relevant mathematical analysis and block diagrams show the reconstruction of message signal from FM wave using PLL. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the generation of FM wave using a neat block diagram and necessary equations. (06 Marks)
- c. A Carrier is frequency modulated by a sinusoidal modulating signal of frequency 3 kHz resulting in a frequency deviation of 10 kHz.
  - (i) What is the bandwidth occupied by the modulated waveform?
  - (ii) If the amplitude of the modulating signal is increased by a factor of 2 and its frequency is lowered to 1 kHz. Determine the new bandwidth. (04 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Obtain the expression for noise equivalent band width. (07 Marks)
- b. Prove that FOM of AM receiver using envelope detector is  $\frac{\mu^2}{2 + \mu^2}$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Explain the use of pre-emphasis and de-emphasis in an FM system. (06 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. Prove that FOM as a DSBSC receiver in ONE. (08 Marks)
- b. Define :
  - i) Shot Noise
  - ii) Thermal Noise
  - iii) White Noise. (06 Marks)
- c. Write neat block diagram explain the FM threshold reduction. (06 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. What are the advantages of digital signal over analog signal? (06 Marks)
- b. State sampling theorem and explain same with neat sketches and equation. (07 Marks)
- c. Explain with block diagram for TDM. (07 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Explain with diagram the generation of PPM waves. (07 Marks)
- b. Explain the detection of PPM waves. (07 Marks)
- c. Explain the following terms :
  - i) Under sampling
  - ii) Over sampling
  - iii) Nyquist rate. (06 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. What is Quantization? Why it is required in digital communication? Explain symmetric quantizer of midtread and midrise type. (08 Marks)
- b. With neat block diagram, explain the working of PCM system. (08 Marks)
- c. What is companding? Explain different laws of companding. (04 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. What is Quantization noise? Derive the expression for O/P signal to Noise Ratio of a Quantizer. Consider a sinusoidal modulating signal of amplitude AM which uses all representation levels provided. Calculate the  $(SNR)_O$  for the O/P of quantizer of the above signal. (08 Marks)
- b. What is Delta modulation? Explain the same with block diagrams. (06 Marks)
- c. Write a note on VOCODER. (06 Marks)

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