## CBCS SCHEME

**BCS508** 

Question Paper Version: A

Fifth Semester B.E./B. Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2025 Environmental Studies and E - Waste Management

Max. Marks: 50

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all the **fifty** questions, each question carries one mark.
- 2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
- 3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- 4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
- 5. Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.
- In an ecosystem biological cycling of materials is maintained by
  - a) Producer
- b) Consumer
- c) Decomposer
- d) All of these

- 2. The primary producers in a forest ecosystem are
  - a) Chlorophyll containing trees and plants b). Herbivores
  - c) Carnivores

- d) Bacteria and other micro organisms
- Which of the following is the terrestrial ecosystem?
  - a) Forest
- b) Grass land
- c) Desert
- d) All of these

- 4. Food web consists of
  - a) a portion of food chain
- b) an organism position in a food chain

d) a set of similar consumers

- c) interlocking food chain
- The area of National Parks range between
  - a) 0.61 to 7818 kms b) 0.04 to 3162 kms c) 0.14 to 3612 kms d) 0.16 to 8718 kms
- Which Indian state has its maximum area under the forest cover?
- a) Maharashtra
- b) Madhya Pradesh c) Arunachal Pradesh d) Karnataka
- 7. How many parts are there in forest ecosystem?
- a) Biotic type
- b) Abiotic type
- c) Both (a) & (b)
- d) None of these
- To which of the following is Ramsor convention related?
  - a) Protection of wild life

b) Protection of environment

c) Protection of rivers

d) Protection of wetlands

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9. Which of the following option is not included in the sustainable development parameters?

a) Gender inequality

b) Intergenerational and intragenerational equity

c) Growing annually

d) None of these

10. How many sustainable development goals are there?

a) 10

d) 17

11. Which of the following are biodegradable pollutants?

b) 12

a) Plastics

b) Domestic sewage c) Detergent

d) All of these

12. BOD means

a) Biochemical Oxygen Demand

b) Chemical Oxygen Demand

c) Biophysical oxygen Demand

d) All of these

13. Sound beyond which of the following level can be regarded as a pollutant.

a) 40 dB

b) 80 dB

c) 120 dB

d) 150 dB

14. Which of the following is a point source of water pollution?

a) Factories

b) Sewage treatment plants

c) Urban & Sub - urban lands

d) Both (a) & (b)

15. Pesticide causes

a) Eye irritation

b) Skin irritation

c) Respiratory ailment d) All of these

16. Amount of waste infectious produced in hospitals.

a) 45 %

b) 65 %

d) 100 %

17. Cytotoxic and expired drugs are disposed of by

a) Dumping

b) Autoclave

c) Incineration

c) 80 %

d) All of these

18. Color code of plastic bag for disposing of microbial laboratory culture waste

a) Black

b) Red

c) Blue

d) White

19. All of the waste are incinerated except.

a) Reactive chemical waste

b) Vaccine

c) Mutilated parts

d) Discarded drugs

20. The average composition of municipal solid waste is

a) 41 % organic, 40 % inert & 19 % recyclable.

b) 20 % organic, 60% inert & 20 % recyclable

c) 30 % organic, 20% inert & 50 % recyclable

d) 19 % organic, 41% inert & 40 % recyclable

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21. Major atmospheric gas layer in stratosphere is

a) Hydrogen

b) Carbon dioxide

d) Helium

22. World Environment day is on

a) 5<sup>th</sup> May

b) 5<sup>th</sup> June

c) 3<sup>rd</sup> Jan

d) 1st June

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d) Solar energy

d) Bio - methanol

d) Nitrates

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d) Melting

d) All of these

b) Building dams on rivers d) Dumping industrial waste in rivers

23.	Which of the following is not a green house gas?  a) Hydro chlorofluorocarbons b) Methane c) CO <sub>2</sub> d) SO <sub>2</sub>	<ul> <li>Which of the following is an example of sustainable use of water resources?</li> <li>a) Overuse of ground water</li> <li>b) Building dams on rivers</li> <li>c) Rainwater harvesting</li> <li>d) Dumping industrial waste in r</li> </ul>
24.	Global warming could affect  a) Climate  b) Increase in sea level c) Melting of glaciers  d) All of these	38. Geothermal energy is a a) Heat energy b) Current energy c) Wind energy d) Solar e
25.	Primary cause of acid rain around the world is due to a) Carbon dioxide b) Sulphur dioxide c) Carbon monoxide d) Ozone	39. Molasses from sugar industry is used to generate a) Biodiesel b) Hydrogen c) Bio-ethanol d) Bio - m
26.	What is the main reason for the depletion of groundwater levels?  a) Rains are less frequent	40. Nuclear power plant in Karnataka is located at a) Bhadravati b) Sandur c) Raichur d) Kaiga
	<ul> <li>b) Tree cover has reduced</li> <li>c) Tube wells and hand pumps are used for irrigation</li> <li>d) The course of river being changed and dams built</li> </ul>	41. Wild Life Protection Act in India was passed in a) 1978 b) 1972 c). 1986 d) 1992
27.	What happens when water contains 8 – 20 PPM of fluoride concentration?  a) Blue baby disease  b) Crippling fluorosis	42. Environment Protection Act was enacted in year a) 1986 b) 1974 c) 1992 d) 1984
••	c) Dental fluorosis d) Mottling of teeth	43. Water Protection Act was enacted in a) 1974 b) 1990 c) 1985 d) 2021
28.	Coral reefs of India are located in  a) Goa b) Himalayan region c) Andaman & Nicobar Islands d) Uttar Pradesh	44. Blue baby syndrome is caused by the contamination of water due to a) Phosphates b) Sulphur c) Arsenic d) Nitrate
29.	What is the allowable concentration of fluorides in drinking water? a) 1.0 mg/L b) 1.25 mg/L c) 1.5 mg/L d) 1.75 mg/L	45. Which toxic compound is not found in e – waste?  a) Mercury  b) Cadmium  c) Neon  d) Lead
30.	Minmata disease is caused by a) Lead b) Mercury c) Cadmium d) Arsenic	<ul><li>46. What are the health hazards caused by E – waste?</li><li>a) Lung cancer</li><li>b) DNA damage</li><li>c) Brain</li><li>d) All of</li></ul>
31.	When did National Disaster Management Authority form? a) 2000 b) 2005 c) 2010 d) 2015	<ul> <li>47. The Kyoto protocol was adopted at the</li> <li>a) 3<sup>rd</sup> conference of UNFCC in 1977</li> <li>b) Convention on the trans boundary effects of industrial accidents</li> </ul>
32.	Scientific study of earthquake is called a) Seismograph b) Seismology c) Both (a) & (b) d) None of these	c) UNFCC in 1992 d) Convention on Biological diversity  CMRIT LIBRA  BANGALORE - 56
33.	Mass killing diseases can be referred as  a) Biological disaster b) Industrial disaster c) War disaster d) Flood disaster	48. The primary cause of acid rain around the world is due to a) Carbon dioxide b) Sulphur dioxide c) Carbon monoxide d) Ozone
34.	South Africa is leading exporter of which mineral?  a) Copper b) Diamond c) Silver d) Gold	<ul> <li>49. The carbon "credit is permit" representing the right to emit.</li> <li>a) One tonne of CO<sub>2</sub></li> <li>b) 10 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub></li> <li>c) 5 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub></li> <li>d) 15 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>
35.	Which one of the following is an exhaustible resource? a) Coal b) Rain precipitation c) Air d) Tidal energy	50. Fossil fuels are converted into energy by a) Burning b) Cooling c) Sublimation d) Meltin
36.	Which of the following is a non – renewable resource?  a) Solar energy b) Wind energy c) Fossil fuels d) Hydro power	****
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