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II INTERNAL ASSESSMENT TEST

Sub:	DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING					Code:	15EC52		
Date:	15 / 10 / 2018	Duration:	90 mins	Max Marks:	50	Sem:	V	Branch:	ECE(D)/TCE

Answer any 5 full questions

		Marks	CO	RBT
1	Discuss the symmetry properties of DFT if the sequence is	[10]	CO1	L2
	i. Real and circularly even iii. Imaginary and circularly even			
	ii. Real and circularly odd iv. Imaginary and circularly odd			
2	State and prove the following properties of DFT.	[10]	CO1	L2
	i. Circular time shift			
	ii. Circular frequency shift			
	iii. Time reversal			
3	The 4-point DFT of a sequence $x[n]$ is $X[k] = [1, j, 1, -j]$. Evaluate the DFT	[10]	CO1	L2
	of the following sequences.			
	i. $x_1[n] = (-1)^n x[n]$			
	ii. $x_2[n] = x[(n-1)_4]$			
	iii. $x_3[n] = x[4-n]$			

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4	A long sequence $x[n]$ is filtered with $h[n]$ to obtain $y[n]$. If $h[n] = [2,2,1]$ and $x[n] = [3,0,-2,0,2,1,0,-2,-1]$, compute $y[n]$ using overlap-save method. Use 7-point circular convolution.	[10]	CO2	L2
5	Derive radix-2 DIT-FFT algorithm for $N = 8$. Draw the complete signal flow diagram.	[10]	CO3	L2
6	Compute the 8-point DFT of $x[n] = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]$ using DIT-FFT. Clearly show the intermediate results.	[10]	CO3	L2
7	Compute the 8-point DFT of $x[n] = [2,2,2,2,1,1,1,1]$ using DIF-FFT. Clearly show the intermediate results.	[10]	CO3	L2
8	Compute the IDFT of $X[k] = [4,1-2.414j,0,1-0.414j,0,1+0.414j,0,1+2.414j]$ using DIF-IFFT. Clearly show the intermediate results.	[10]	CO3	L2

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	using DIF-IFFT. Clearly show the intermediate results.			

Solution and scheme of evaluation of $X(K) = \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \sum_{k=1}^{N-1}$

$$X(K) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} S(n) e^{n}$$

$$0 \le K \le N-1$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\chi(n) + j \chi_{i}(n) \right] \left[\cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{N} k n \right) - j \sin \left(\frac{2\pi}{N} k n \right) \right]$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\chi(n) + j \chi_{i}(n) \right] \left[\cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{N} k n \right) - j \sin \left(\frac{2\pi}{N} k n \right) \right]$$

$$X_{R}(K) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \chi_{S}(n) \cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{N} kn\right) + \Re_{I}(n) \sin \left(\frac{2\pi}{N} kn\right)$$

$$X_{I}(R) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \chi_{i}(n) \cos(\frac{2\pi}{N}Rn) - \chi_{i}(n) \sin(\frac{2\pi}{N}Rn)$$

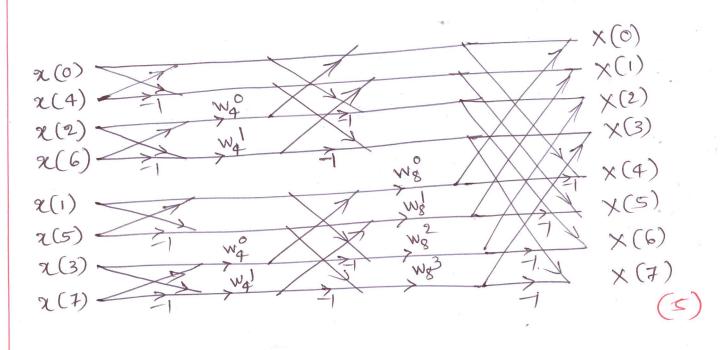
$$\begin{array}{cccc} & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

$$\begin{array}{l} e^{\frac{2\pi^{2}}{N}} \chi_{(N)} & \longleftrightarrow \chi_{(K)} \\ \chi_{(-n)} & \longleftrightarrow \chi_{(-k)} \\ \chi_{(-n)} & \longleftrightarrow \chi_{(-k)} \\ \chi_{(N)} & = (1, j, 1, -j) \\ \chi_{(N)} & = (-1)^{3} \chi_{(n)} \\ & = e^{\frac{2\pi^{2}}{N}} \chi_{(n)} \\ & = e^{\frac{2\pi^{2}}{N}} \chi_{(n)} \\ & = e^{\frac{2\pi^{2}}{N}} \chi_{(n)} \\ \chi_{(K)} & = \chi_{(-k)} & = (1, -j, 1, j) \\ \chi_{(K)} & = \chi_{(-k)} & = (1, -j, 1, j) \\ \chi_{(K)} & = \chi_{(-k)} & = (1, -j, 1, j) \end{array}$$

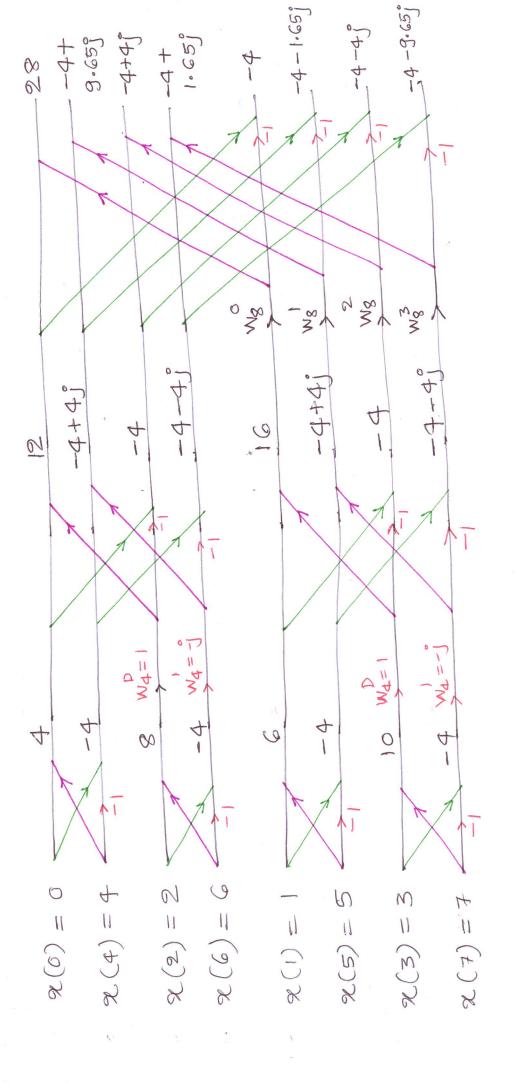
4
$$h(n) = (2,2,1,0,0,0,0)$$

 $g_{1}(n) = (0,0,3,0,-2,0,2)$
 $g_{2}(n) = (0,2,1,0,-2,-1,0)$
 $g_{3}(n) = (-1,0,0,0,0,0,0)$
 $g_{4}(n) = (4,2,6,6,-1,-4,2)$
 $g_{2}(n) = (-1,4,6,4,-3,-6,-4)$
 $g_{3}(n) = (-2,-2,-1,0,0,0,0)$
 $g_{4}(n) = (-2,-2,-1,0,0,0,0)$
 $g_{5}(n) = (-2,-2,-1,0,0,0,0,0)$
 $g_{6}(n) = (-2,-2,-1,0,0,0,0,0)$
 $g_{7}(n) = (-2,-2,-1,0,0,0,0,0)$

$$y(n) = (0)^{-1}$$
 $y(n) = (0)^{-1}$
 $y(n) = (0)$



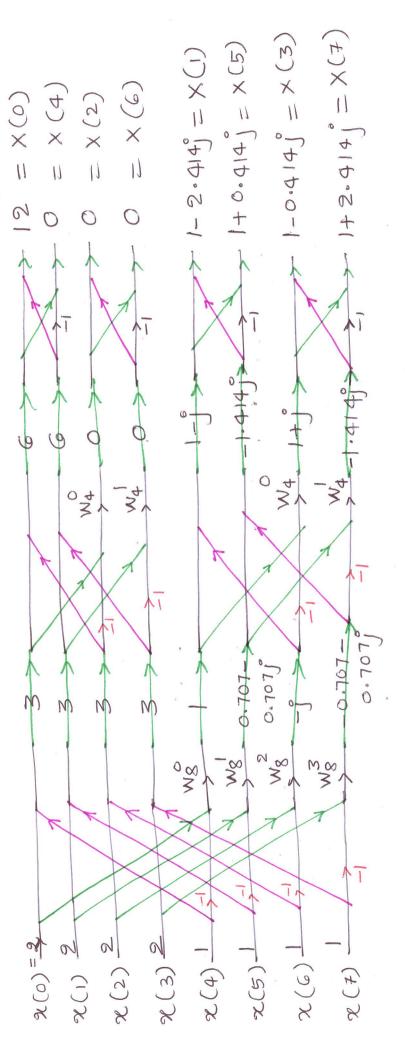
USING DIT- FFT $\kappa(n) = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]$ DFT of the 12. Find



1 £01.0 - TOT.0-11 17 m/4 J, 88 × 3 TOL-10-1010 W 80 1, TA 100 J J. 287 Ng II 11 34 N 0 80 N 80

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USING DIF-FFT. DFT 0 \$ x(n)= 8-point 17. Find the



0.707-0.707, W8 = W4 = - J, W8 = -0.707-0.707 - 8 - 8

X(k)= [12,1-2.414],0,1-0.414],0,1+0.414],0,1+2.414] Assanging the output in natural order, we get

(0)2=

1=20)

1-2(2)

1=2(3)

$$x(k) = [4, 1-2.414], 0, 1-0.4$$
 $x(0) = 4$
 $x(4) = 0$
 $x(2) = 0$
 $x(2) = 0$
 $x(6) = 0$

$$X(7) = 1 + 2.414$$

$$M_4 = M_8 = \frac{1}{3}$$
, $M_8 = 0.707 + 0.707\frac{3}{9}$, $M_8 = -0.707 + 0.707\frac{1}{9}$