## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018

## Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

Distinguish flexibility from stiffness method. 1

(04 Marks)

Explain briefly principle of contragradience.

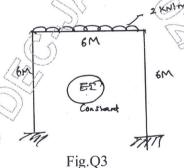
- (04 Marks)
- Prove that the product of flexibility and stiffness matrices is a unit matrix.
- (04 Marks)
- Explain axial, bending and rotational flexibility coefficients with example.
- (08 Marks)
- Analyze the continuous beam shown in Fig.Q2 by flexibility method. Also draw the BMD. 2



Fig.Q2

(20 Marks)

Using force transformation matrix, analyze the frame shown in Fig.Q3. Draw BMD. 3



(20 Marks)

Developing element flexibility matrix, determine element forces for the truss shown in Fig.Q4. AE is constant for all members.

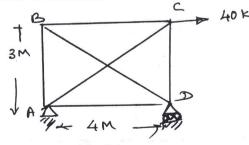


Fig.Q4

(20 Marks)

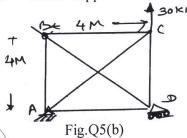
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(04 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Mention the properties of stiffness matrix (any four only).
  - b. Analyze the truss shown in Fig.Q5(b) by stiffness method.

"A" = kinge support, "D" = Roller support



(16 Marks)

Analyze the beam shown in Fig.Q6 by stiffness method. Generate transformation matrix, system stiffness matrix, system deformation for the same.

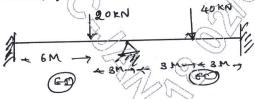


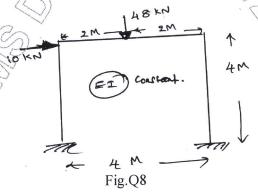
Fig.Q6

(20 Marks)

- 7 Write short notes on:
  - a. Direct stiffness method
  - b. Transformation of member fine matrix
  - c. System stiffness matrix
  - d. Static and kinematic indeterminacy.

(20 Marks)

Analyze the frame shown in Fig.Q8 by direct stiffness method. Assume E = 200 GPa,  $I_{zz} = 1.33 \times 10^{-5}$  m<sup>4</sup>, A = 0.01 m<sup>2</sup>. Flexural rigidity and axial rigidity are same for all members.



(20 Marks)