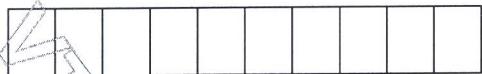


USN



06CS64

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018 Computer Networks - II

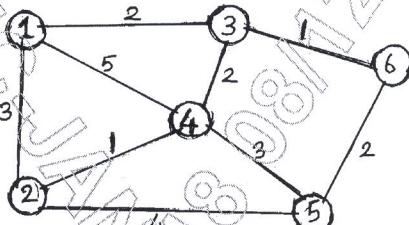
Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Distinguish between connectionless packet switching and virtual circuit packet switching. (10 Marks)
- b. Consider the network in Fig. Q1(b). Use the Bellman – Ford algorithm to find the shortest paths from all the nodes to the destination node 2. (10 Marks)



- 2 a. Explain the techniques for closed-loop congestion control. (08 Marks)
- b. A university has 150 LANs with 100 hosts in each LAN. Design an appropriate subnet addressing scheme if the university has one class B address. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain the fragmentation and reassembly in IP network. (06 Marks)
- 3 a. Explain IPv6 basic header format. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain OSPF common header fields and also OSPF hello packet format. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. With a neat diagram, explain the ATM cell header format. (08 Marks)
- b. Briefly explain five ATM service categories. (07 Marks)
- c. Explain the classical IP over ATM. (05 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the secret key and public key cryptographic systems, with relevant block diagrams. (06 Marks)
- b. Apply RSA algorithm for the following :
 - i) Encrypt the plain text $P = 25$ for $p = 7, q = 11, e = 17$ (06 Marks)
 - ii) Find the value of d and decrypt the ciphertext.
- c. What is SNMP? Discuss the interactions between the SNMP management station and SNMP agent. (08 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the various types of resources allocation scheme by specifying the parameters for classification. (08 Marks)
- b. List the benefits of creating VPNs. Explain VPN types. (08 Marks)
- c. Write a short note on traffic engineering. (04 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain the session initiation protocol. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain Shannon's coding theorem in detail. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain the DSDV protocol for mobile Ad – HoC networks. (10 Marks)
- b. Describe the DEEP clustering protocol for wireless sensor networks. (10 Marks)